

ISSF Strategic Plan MSC Performance Indicators

Annual Progress – 2013

MSC Performance Indicators

Principle 1: Sustainable Fish Stocks

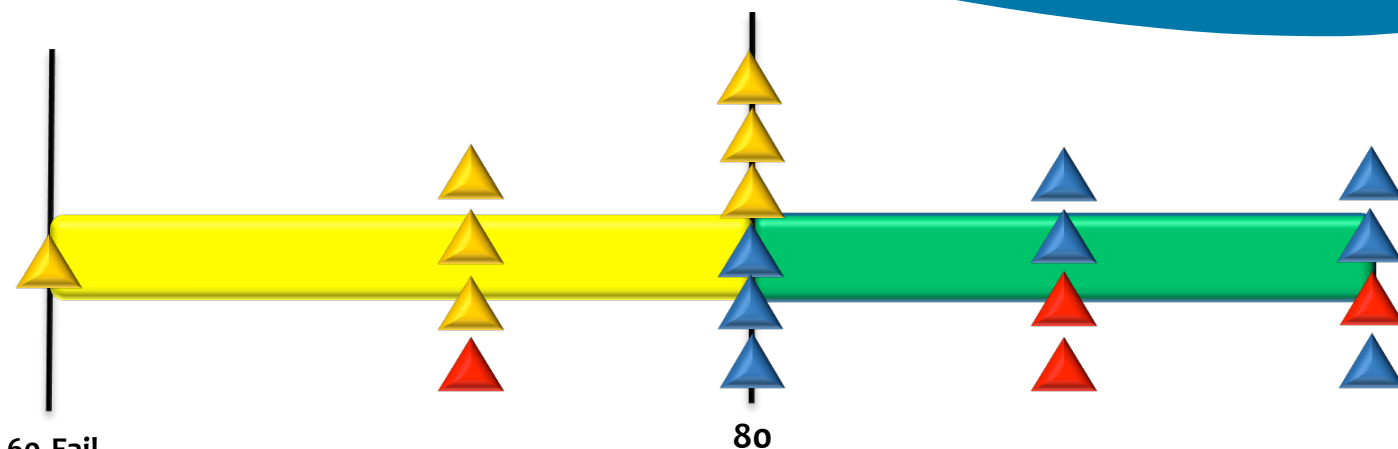
- The fishing activity must be at a level which is sustainable for the fish population. Any certified fishery must operate so that fishing can continue indefinitely and is not overexploiting the resources.
- **Scores:**
 - Based on ISSF-funded assessment of 19 tuna stocks (Powers and Medley 2013)
- **Note:**
 - MSC scoring methodology amended 3/2013. Scores have been revised (likely downwards)

MSC Performance Indicators:

P1 Summary Averages

PI	Feb 13	Dec 13
1.1.1 Stock Status	83	82.6
1.1.2 Reference Points	74	74.5
1.1.3 Stock Rebuilding	77	73.3
1.2.1 Harvest Strategy	75	74.7
1.2.2 Harvest Control Rules/Tools	59	59.5
1.2.3 Information & Monitoring	77	76.3
1.2.4 Assessment of Stock Status	84	84

Dec 13 Average: 82.6



Pass without conditions

The stock is at a level which maintains high productivity and has a low probability of recruitment overfishing.

Atlantic Ocean

Species	Feb13	Dec13
• Yellowfin	70	70
• Bigeye	80	80
• W. Skipjack	80	80
• E. Skipjack	80	80
• N.Albacore	70	70
• S. Albacore	70	70
• M. Albacore	60	60

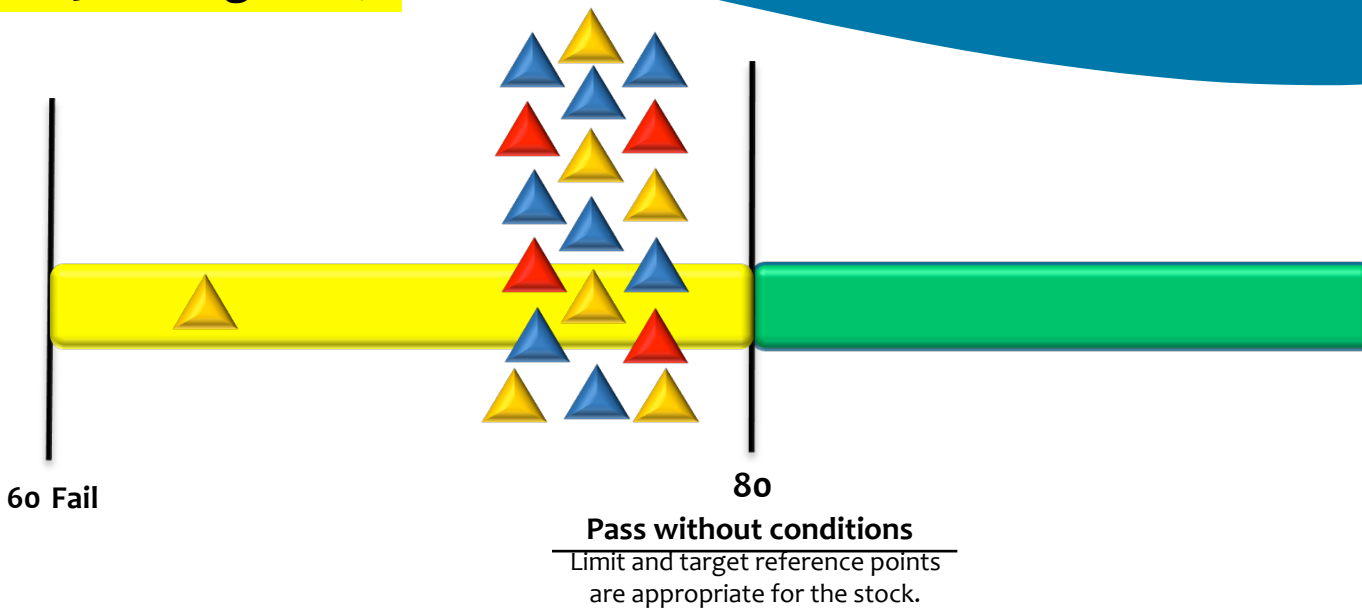
Pacific Ocean

Species	Feb13	Dec13
• W. Yellowfin	90	90
• W. Bigeye	80	80
• W. Skipjack	100	100
• E. Yellowfin	80	80
• E. Bigeye	80	80
• E. Skipjack	100	100
• N.Albacore	80	80
• S. Albacore	100	100

Indian Ocean

Species	Feb13	Dec13
• Yellowfin	90	90
• Bigeye	90	90
• Skipjack	100	100
• Albacore	70	70

Dec 13 Average: 74.5



Atlantic Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• Yellowfin	75	75
• Bigeye	75	75
• W. Skipjack	75	75
• E. Skipjack	75	75
• N.Albacore	75	75
• S. Albacore	75	75
• M. Albacore	65	65

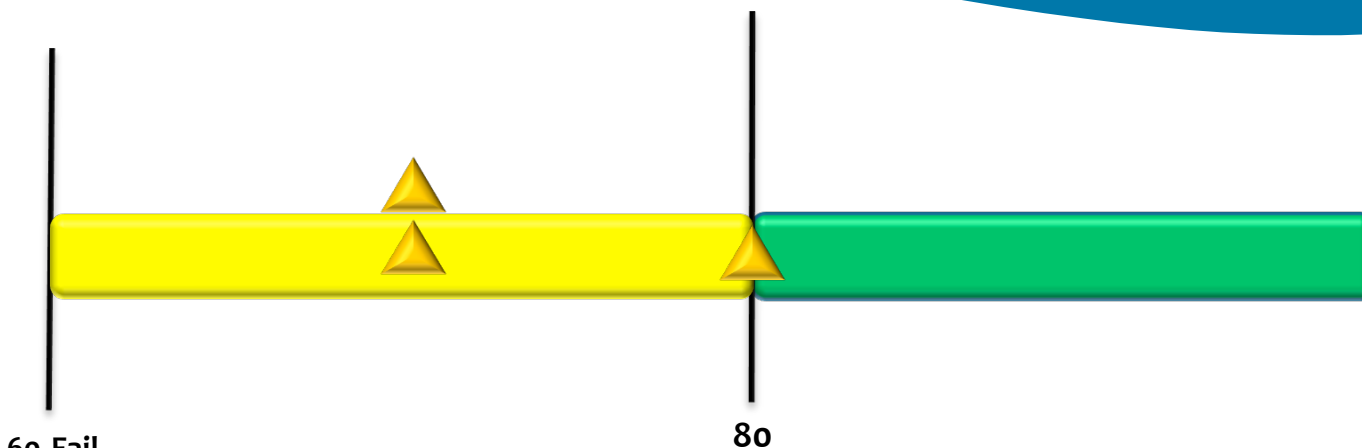
Pacific Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• W. Yellowfin	75	75
• W. Bigeye	75	75
• W. Skipjack	75	75
• E. Yellowfin	75	75
• E. Bigeye	75	75
• E. Skipjack	75	75
• N.Albacore	75	75
• S. Albacore	75	75

Indian Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• Yellowfin	75	75
• Bigeye	75	75
• Skipjack	75	75
• Albacore	75	75

Dec 13 Average: 73.3



Pass without conditions

Where the stock is depleted, there is evidence of stock rebuilding within a specified timeframe.

Atlantic Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• Yellowfin	75	70
• Bigeye	NA	NA
• W. Skipjack	NA	NA
• E. Skipjack	NA	NA
• N.Albacore	80	80
• S. Albacore	75	70
• M. Albacore	NA	NA

Pacific Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• W. Yellowfin	NA	NA
• W. Bigeye	NA	NA
• W. Skipjack	NA	NA
• E. Yellowfin	NA	NA
• E. Bigeye	NA	NA
• E. Skipjack	NA	NA
• N.Albacore	NA	NA
• S. Albacore	NA	NA

Indian Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• Yellowfin	NA	NA
• Bigeye	NA	NA
• Skipjack	NA	NA
• Albacore	NA	NA

Dec 13 Average: 74.7



60 Fail



80

Pass without conditions

There is a robust and precautionary harvest strategy in place.

Atlantic Ocean

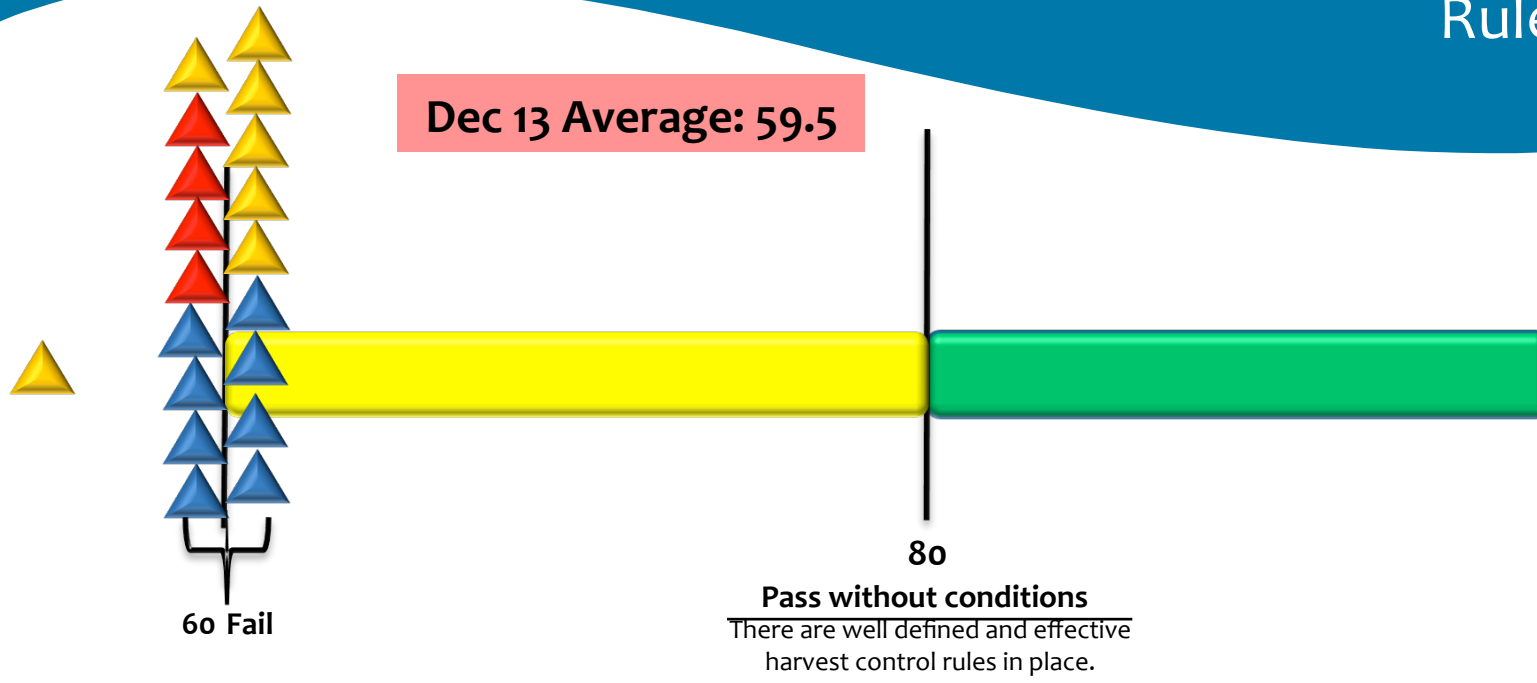
Species	Feb13	Dec13
• Yellowfin	80	80
• Bigeye	80	80
• W. Skipjack	80	70
• E. Skipjack	70	70
• N.Albacore	80	80
• S. Albacore	80	80
• M. Albacore	50	50

Pacific Ocean

Species	Feb13	Dec13
• W. Yellowfin	75	70
• W. Bigeye	60	70
• W. Skipjack	70	70
• E. Yellowfin	80	80
• E. Bigeye	80	80
• E. Skipjack	85	80
• N.Albacore	80	80
• S. Albacore	80	80

Indian Ocean

Species	Feb13	Dec13
• Yellowfin	80	80
• Bigeye	80	80
• Skipjack	80	80
• Albacore	60	60



Atlantic Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• Yellowfin	60	60
• Bigeye	60	60
• W. Skipjack	60	60
• E. Skipjack	60	60
• N.Albacore	60	60
• S. Albacore	60	60
• M. Albacore	50	50

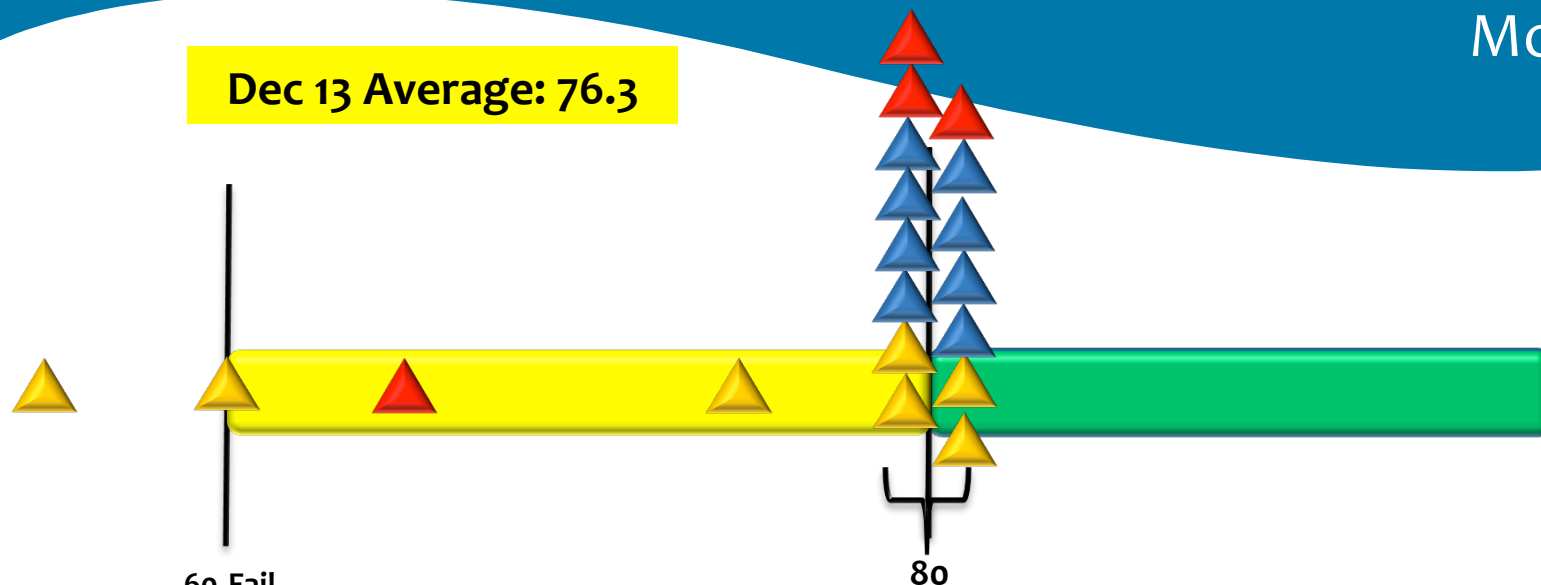
Pacific Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• W. Yellowfin	60	60
• W. Bigeye	60	60
• W. Skipjack	60	60
• E. Yellowfin	60	60
• E. Bigeye	60	60
• E. Skipjack	60	60
• N.Albacore	60	60
• S. Albacore	60	60

Indian Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• Yellowfin	60	60
• Bigeye	60	60
• Skipjack	60	60
• Albacore	60	60

Dec 13 Average: 76.3



Pass without conditions

Relevant information is collected to support the harvest strategy.

Atlantic Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• Yellowfin	80	80
• Bigeye	80	80
• W. Skipjack	65	60
• E. Skipjack	75	75
• N.Albacore	80	80
• S. Albacore	80	80
• M. Albacore	50	50

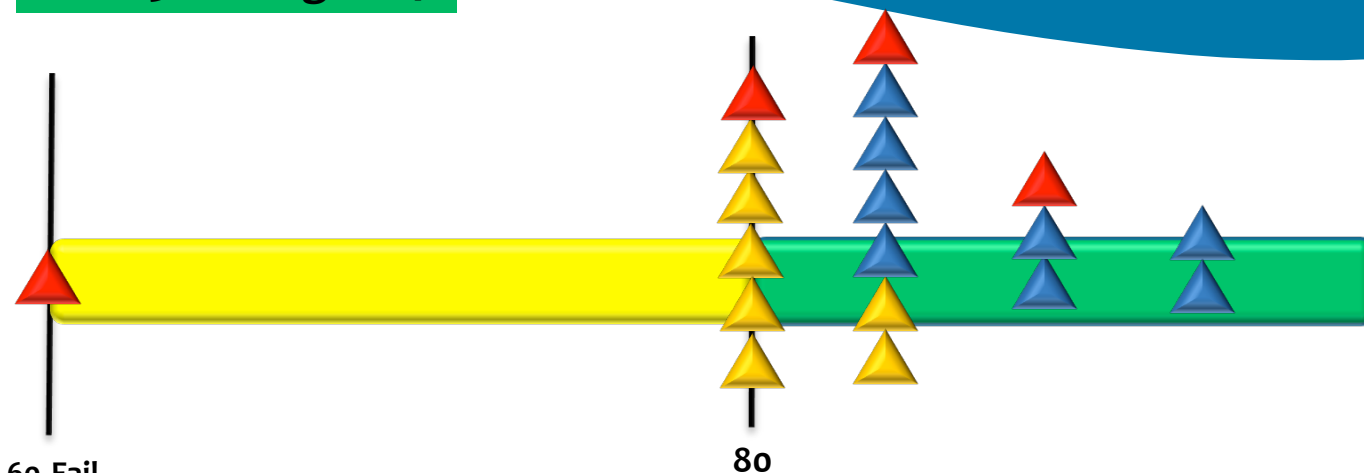
Pacific Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• W. Yellowfin	80	80
• W. Bigeye	80	80
• W. Skipjack	80	80
• E. Yellowfin	80	80
• E. Bigeye	80	80
• E. Skipjack	80	80
• N.Albacore	80	80
• S. Albacore	80	80

Indian Ocean

<u>Species</u>	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
• Yellowfin	80	80
• Bigeye	80	80
• Skipjack	80	80
• Albacore	65	65

Dec 13 Average: 84



Pass without conditions

There is an adequate assessment of the stock status.

Atlantic Ocean

Species	Feb13	Dec13
• Yellowfin	85	85
• Bigeye	85	85
• W. Skipjack	80	80
• E. Skipjack	80	80
• N.Albacore	80	80
• S. Albacore	80	80
• M. Albacore	80	80

Pacific Ocean

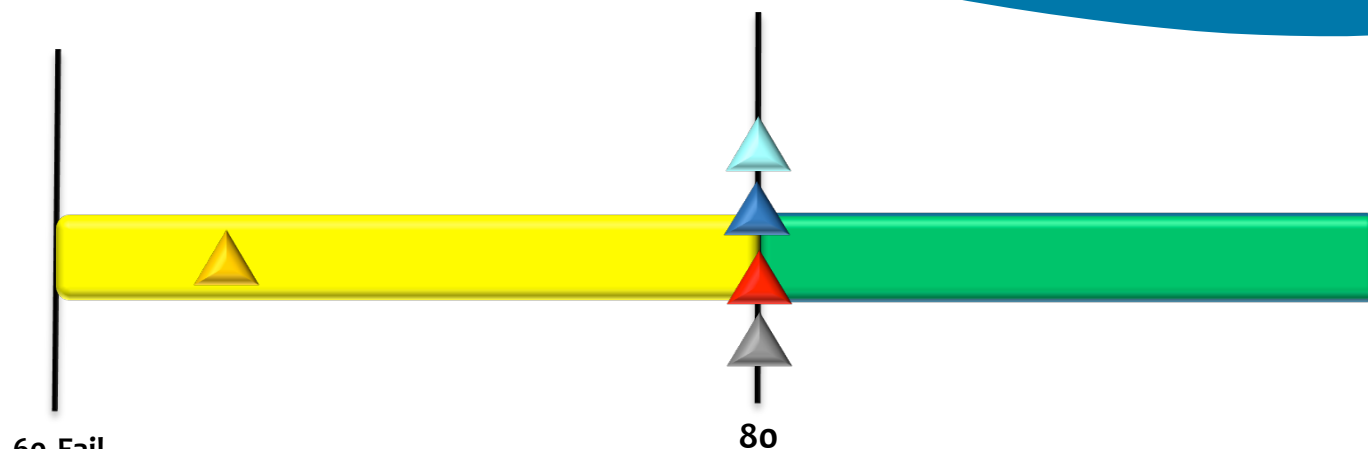
Species	Feb13	Dec13
• W. Yellowfin	90	90
• W. Bigeye	90	90
• W. Skipjack	85	85
• E. Yellowfin	95	95
• E. Bigeye	95	95
• E. Skipjack	85	85
• N.Albacore	85	85
• S. Albacore	85	85

Indian Ocean

Species	Feb13	Dec13
• Yellowfin	90	90
• Bigeye	80	80
• Skipjack	85	85
• Albacore	60	60






Principle 2: Minimizing Environmental Impact

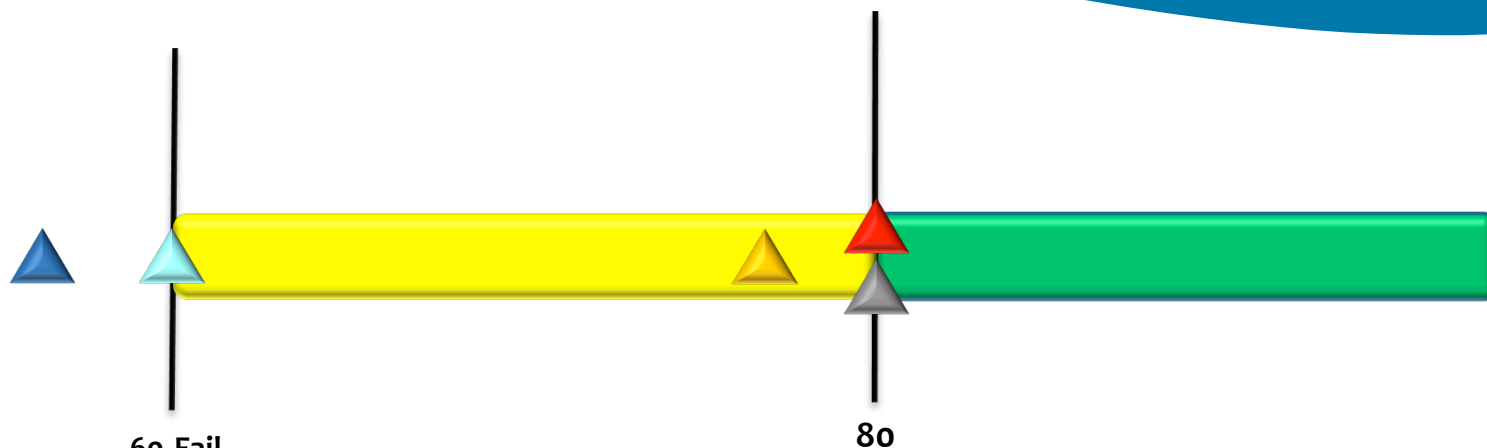
- Fishing operations should be managed to maintain the structure, productivity, function and diversity of the ecosystem on which the fishery depends.
- **Scores:**
 - Based on tuna fisheries (gears) that have been certified (biased: does not consider fisheries that failed pre-assessment)
- **Note:**
 - Will add more scores as they become available



Pass without conditions






The fishery does not pose a risk of serious or irreversible harm to the retained species and does not hinder recovery of depleted retained species.

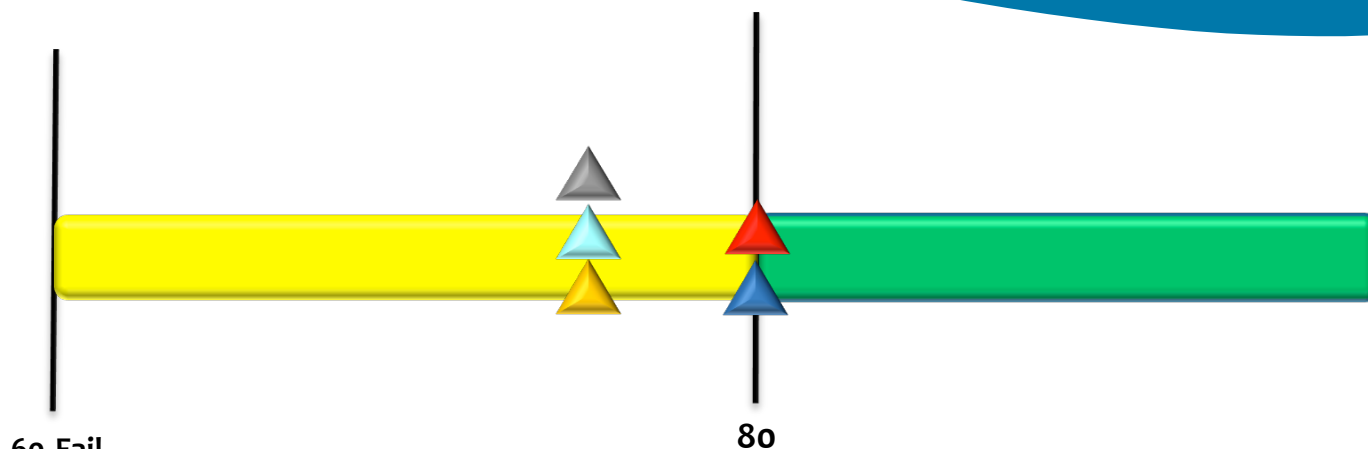
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	65	65
 PNA Free	80	80
 PNA Object	80	80
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	80	80



Pass without conditions






There is a strategy in place for managing retained species that is designed to ensure the fishery does not pose a risk of serious or irreversible harm to retained species.

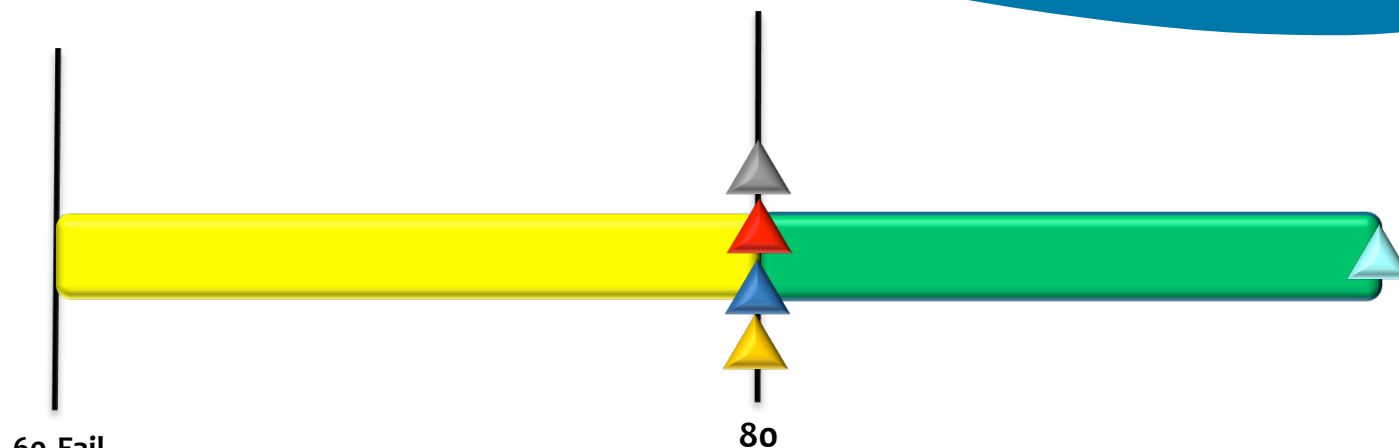
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	75	75
 PNA Free	80	80
 PNA Object	Fail	Fail
 Maldives P/L	60	60
 Mexico P/L	80	80



Pass without conditions






Information on the nature and extent of retained species is adequate to determine the risk posed by the fishery and the effectiveness of the strategy to manage retained species.

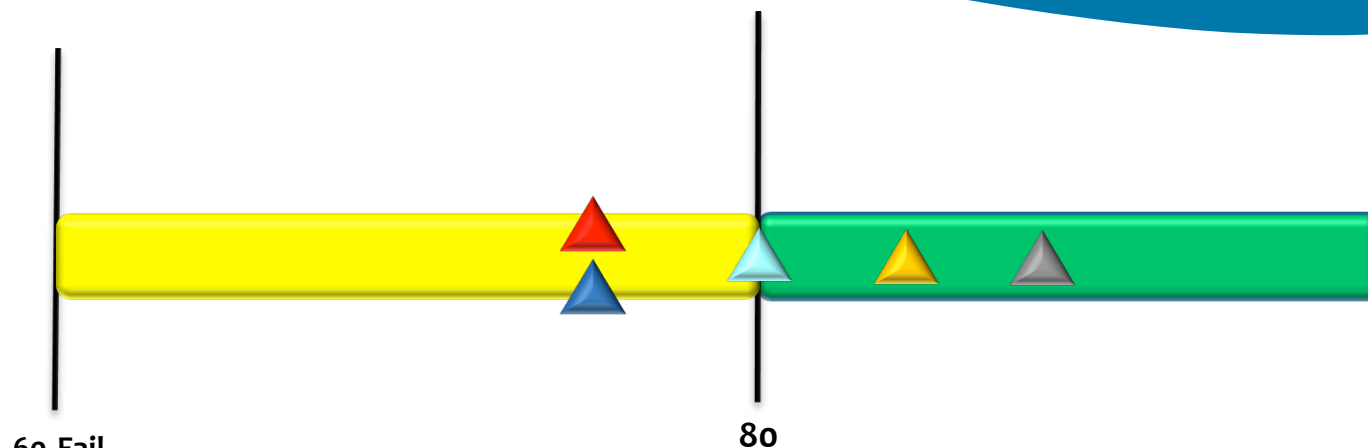
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	75	75
 PNA Free	80	80
 PNA Object	80	80
 Maldives P/L	75	75
 Mexico P/L	75	75



Pass without conditions






The fishery does not pose a risk of serious or irreversible harm to the bycatch species or species groups and does not hinder recovery of depleted bycatch species or species groups.

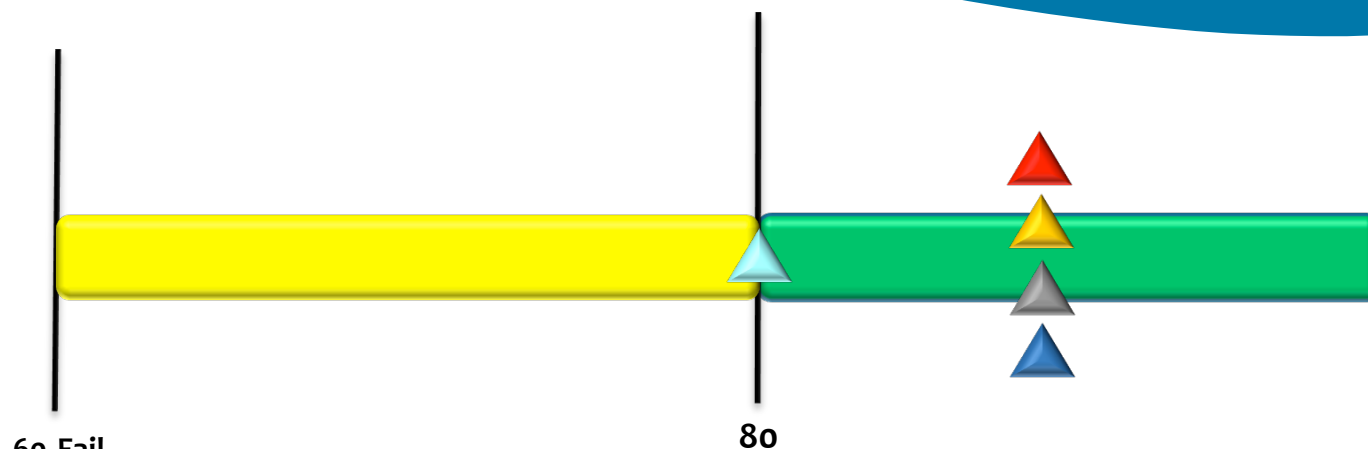
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	80	80
 PNA Free	80	80
 PNA Object	80	80
 Maldives P/L	100	100
 Mexico P/L	80	80



Pass without conditions






There is a strategy in place for managing bycatch that is designed to ensure the fishery does not pose a risk of serious or irreversible harm to bycatch populations.

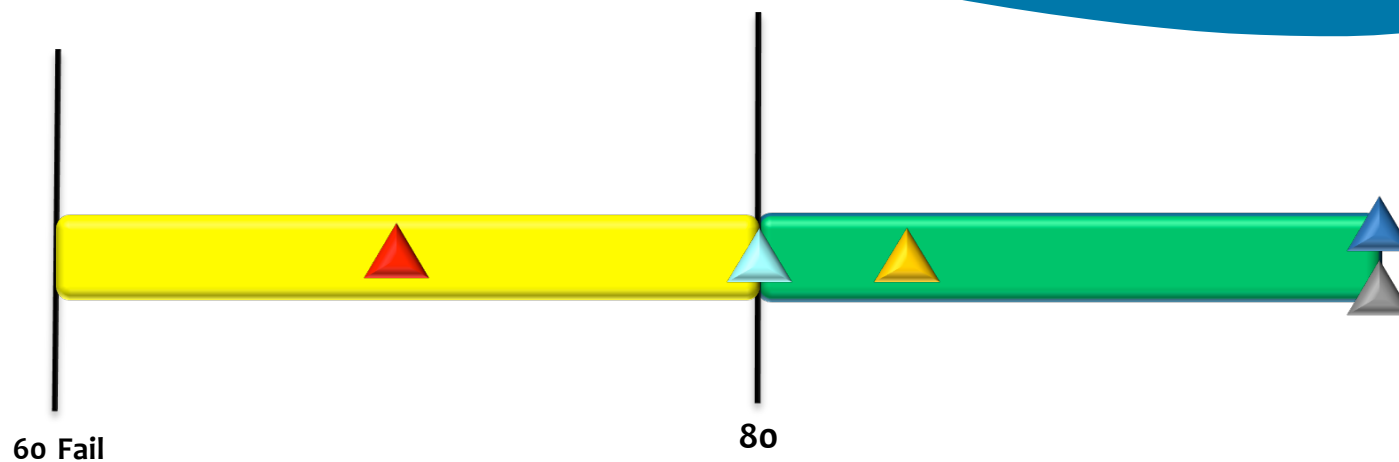
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	85	85
 PNA Free	75	75
 PNA Object	75	75
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	90	90



Pass without conditions






Information on the nature and amount of bycatch is adequate to determine the risk posed by the fishery and the effectiveness of the strategy to manage bycatch.

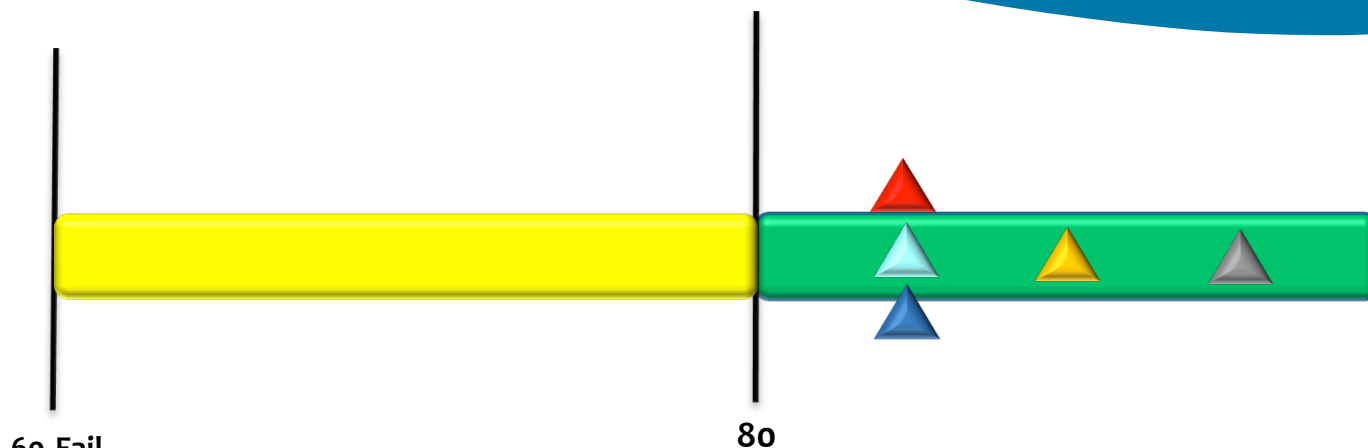
Fishery		
	<u>Feb13</u>	<u>Dec13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	90	90
 PNA Free	90	90
 PNA Object	90	90
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	90	90



Pass without conditions






The fishery meets national and international requirements for protection of ETP (endangered, threatened or protected) species. The fishery does not pose a risk of serious or irreversible harm to ETP species and does not hinder recovery of ETP species.

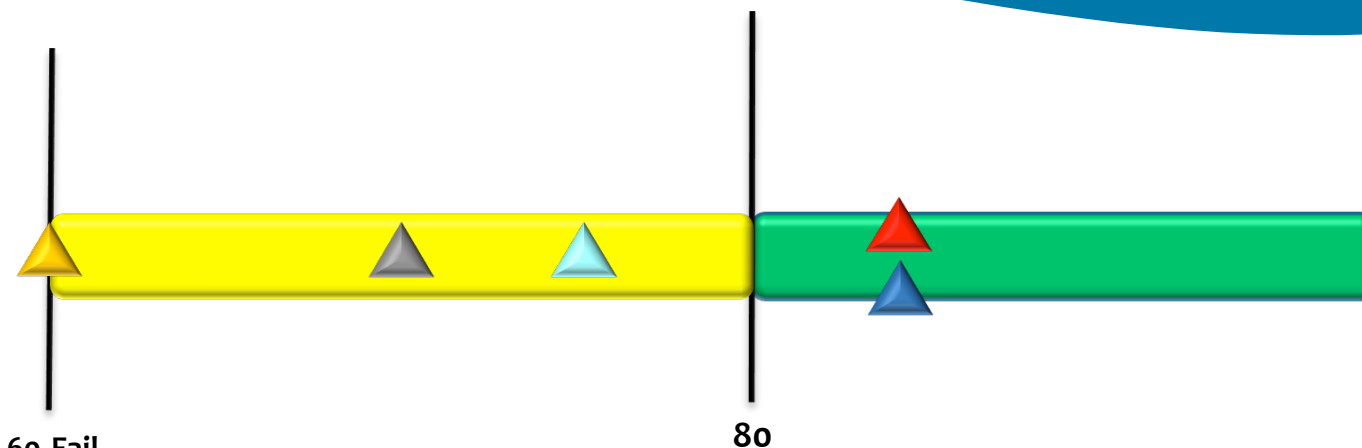
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	85	85
 PNA Free	70	70
 PNA Object	100	100
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	100	100



Pass without conditions






The fishery has in place precautionary management strategies designed to: - meet national and international requirements; - ensure the fishery does not pose a risk of serious or irreversible harm to ETP species; - ensure the fishery does not hinder recovery of ETP species; and - minimise mortality of ETP species.

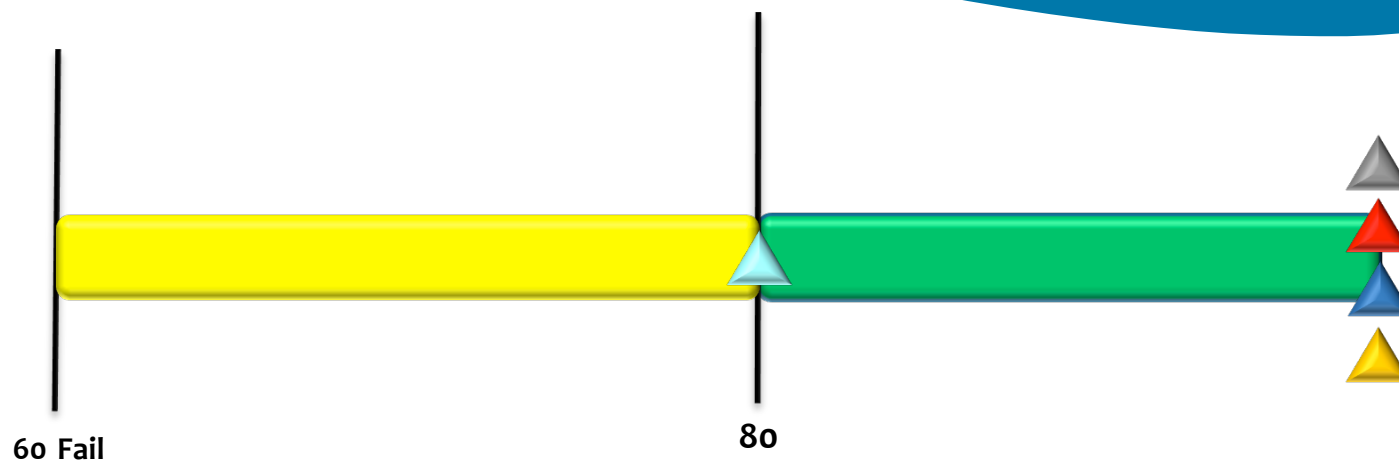
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	90	90
 PNA Free	85	85
 PNA Object	85	85
 Maldives P/L	85	85
 Mexico P/L	95	95



Pass without conditions






Relevant information is collected to support the management of fishery impacts on ETP species, including: - information for the development of the management strategy; - information to assess the effectiveness of the management strategy; and - information to determine the outcome status of ETP species.

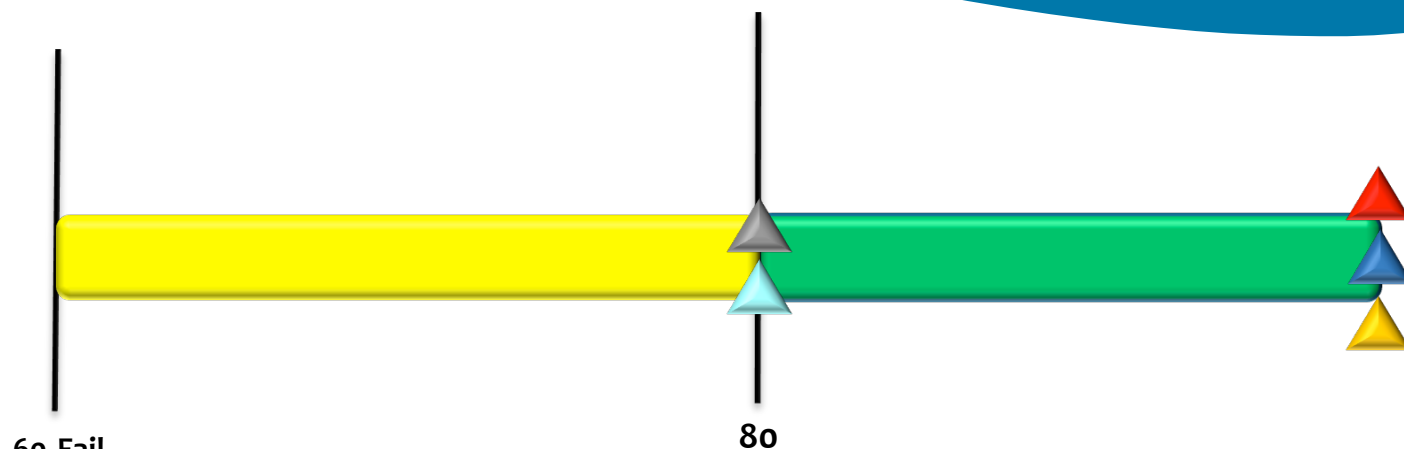
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	60	60
 PNA Free	85	85
 PNA Object	85	85
 Maldives P/L	75	75
 Mexico P/L	70	70



Pass without conditions






The fishery does not cause serious or irreversible harm to habitat structure, considered on a regional or bioregional basis, and function.

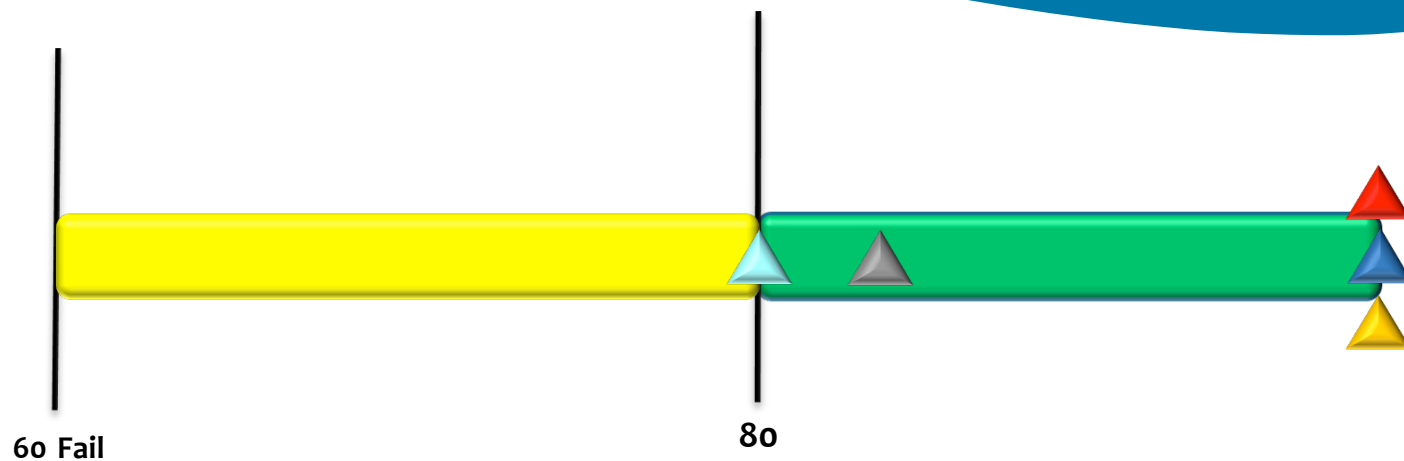
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	100	100
 PNA Free	100	100
 PNA Object	100	100
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	100	100



Pass without conditions






There is a strategy in place that is designed to ensure the fishery does not pose a risk of serious or irreversible harm to habitat types.

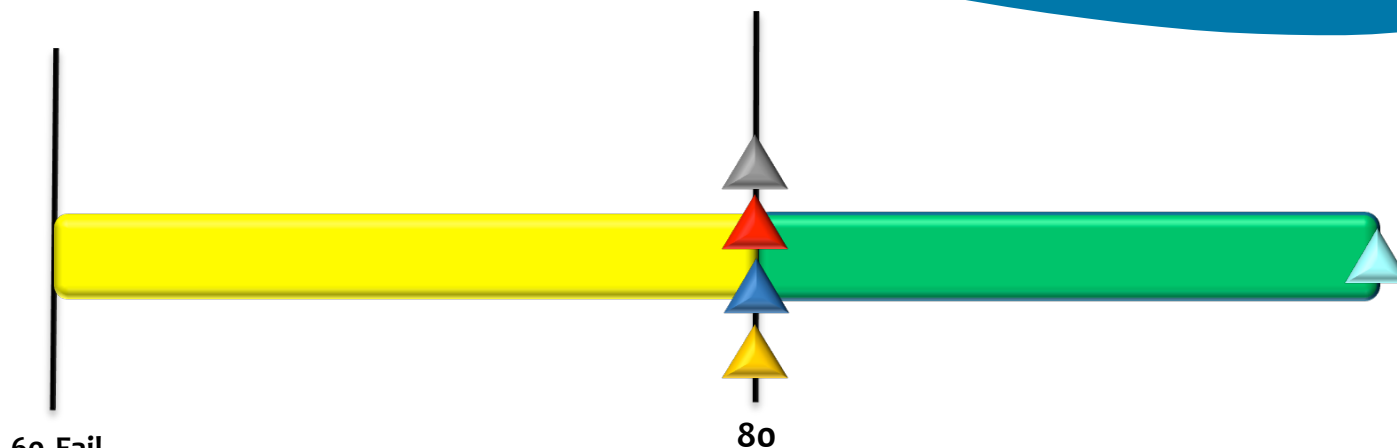
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	100	100
 PNA Free	100	100
 PNA Object	100	100
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	80	80



Pass without conditions






Information is adequate to determine the risk posed to habitat types by the fishery and the effectiveness of the strategy to manage impacts on habitat types.

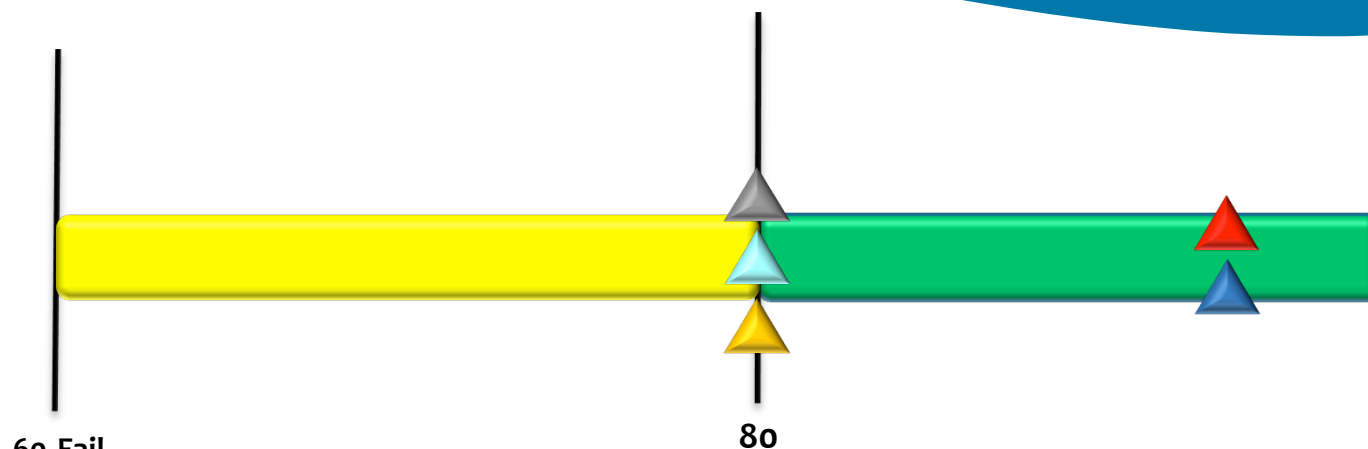
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	100	100
 PNA Free	100	100
 PNA Object	100	100
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	85	85



Pass without conditions






The fishery does not cause serious or irreversible harm to the key elements of ecosystem structure and function.

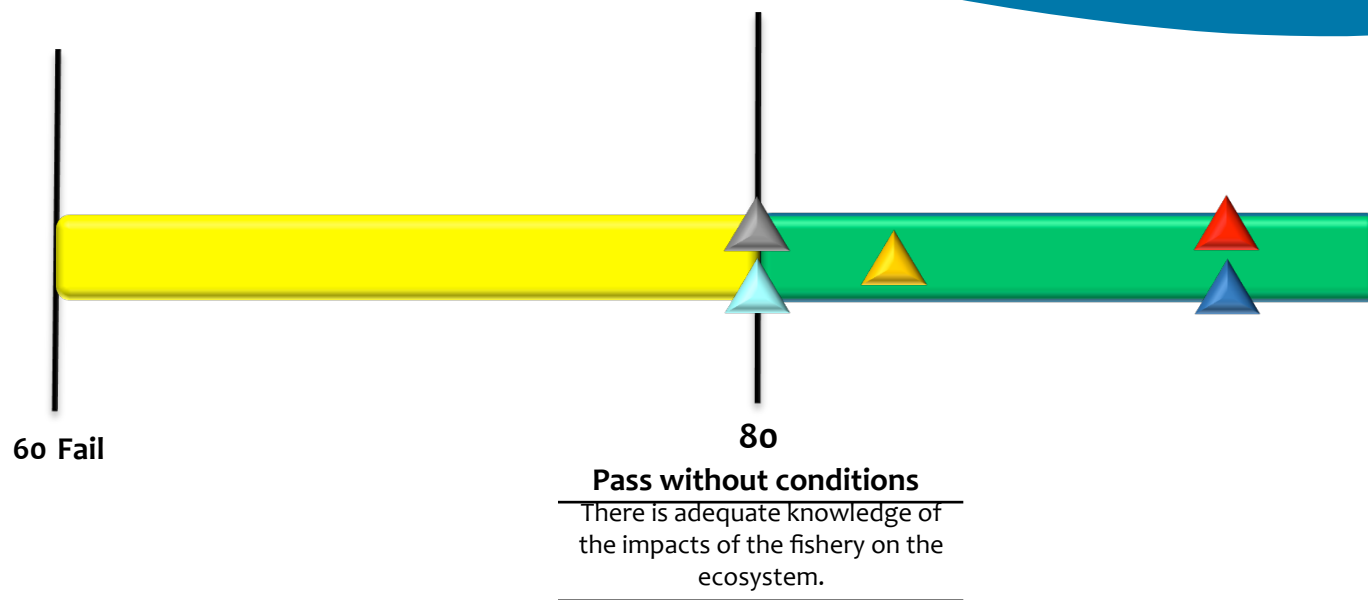
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	80	80
 PNA Free	80	80
 PNA Object	80	80
 Maldives P/L	100	100
 Mexico P/L	80	80








Pass without conditions

There are measures in place to ensure the fishery does not pose a risk of serious or irreversible harm to ecosystem structure and function.

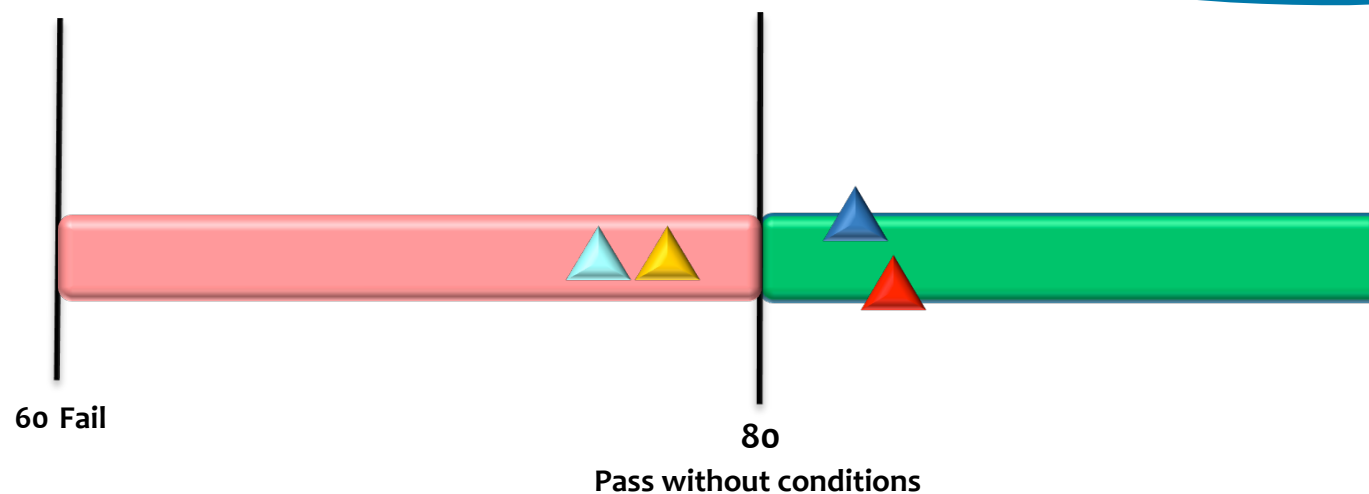
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	80	80
 PNA Free	95	95
 PNA Object	95	95
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	80	80







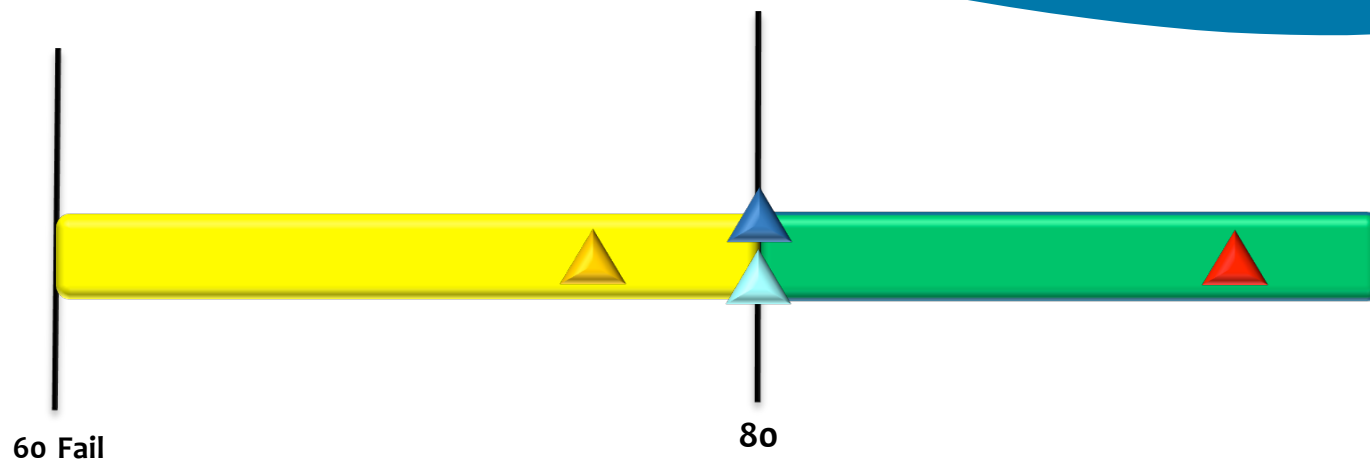
Fishery		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 Fiji Long Line	85	85
 PNA Free	95	95
 PNA Object	95	95
 Maldives P/L	80	80
 Mexico P/L	80	80

Principle 3: Effective Management

- The fishery must meet all local, national and international laws and must have a management system in place to respond to changing circumstances and maintain sustainability.
- **Scores:**
 - Based on ISSF-funded assessment of 4 tuna RFMOs (Powers and Medley 2013)
 - Does not consider Local and National management systems
- **Notes:**
 - MSC scoring methodology amended 3/2013. Scores will be revised (likely downwards)







RFMOs			
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>	<u>+/-</u>
 ICCAT	76.8	77.3	+0.5
 WCPFC	83.8	85	+1.2
 IATTC	83.8	83.6	-0.2
 IOTC	76.3	76.4	+0.1

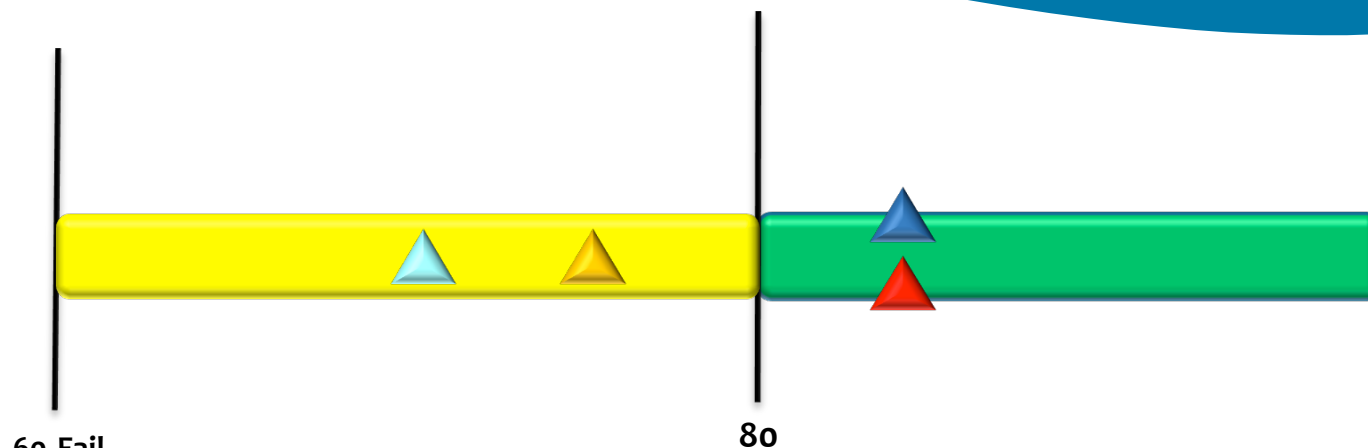


Pass without conditions

The management system exists within an appropriate and effective legal and/or customary framework which ensures that it: - Is capable of delivering sustainable fisheries in accordance with MSC Principles 1 and 2 and - Observes the legal rights created explicitly or established by custom of people dependent on fishing for food or livelihood; and - Incorporates an appropriate dispute resolution framework.

RFMOs





	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	75	75
 WCPFC	85	95
 IATTC	85	80
 IOTC	80	80

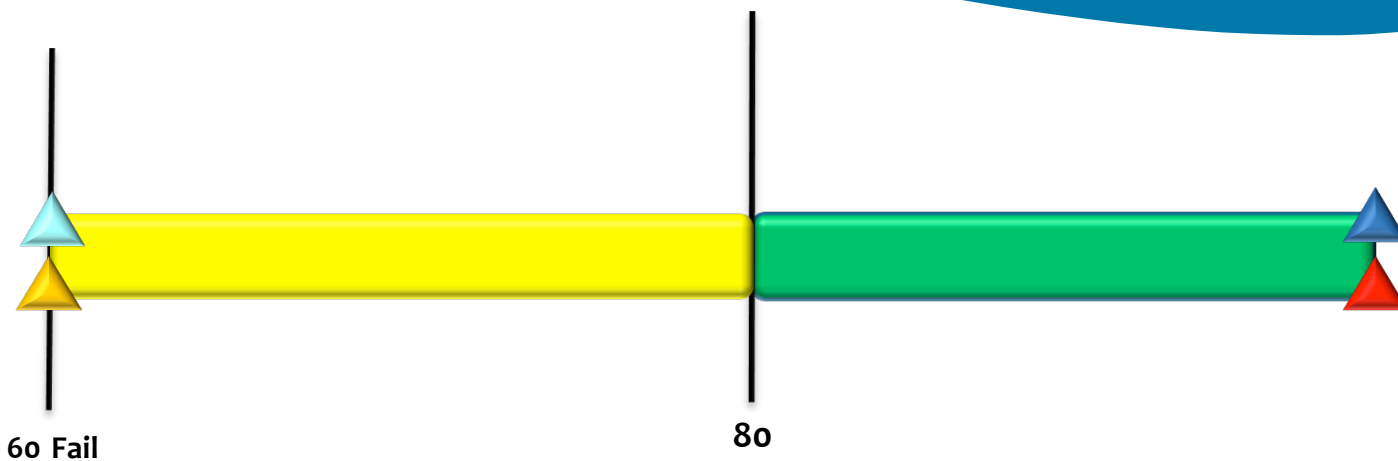


Pass without conditions

The management system has effective consultation processes that are open to interested and affected parties. The roles and responsibilities of organisations and individuals who are involved in the management process are clear and understood by all relevant parties.

RFMOs





	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	75	75
 WCPFC	85	85
 IATTC	85	85
 IOTC	70	70

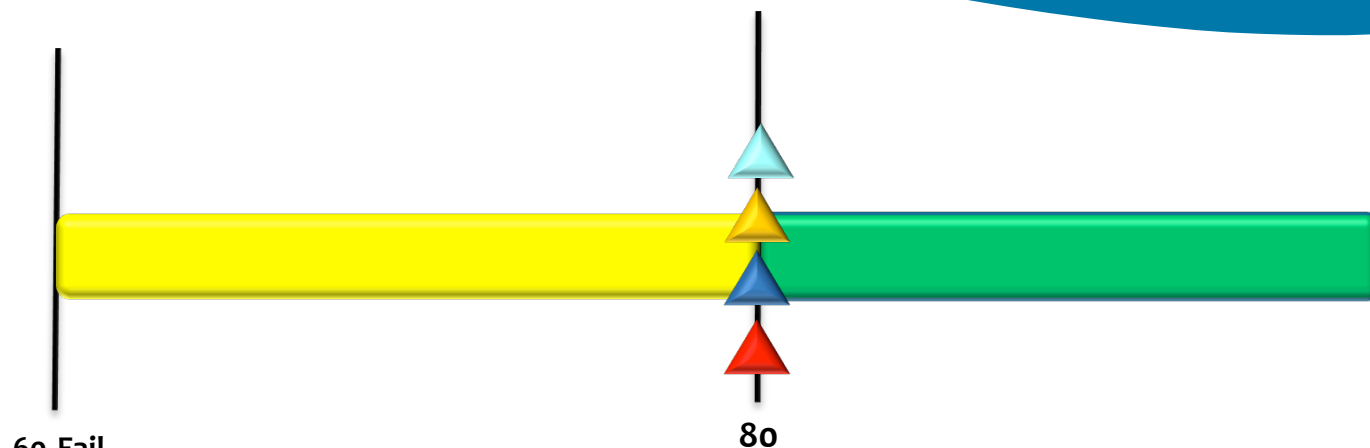


Pass without conditions

The management policy has clear long-term objectives to guide decision-making that are consistent with MSC Principles and Criteria, and incorporates the precautionary approach.





RFMOs

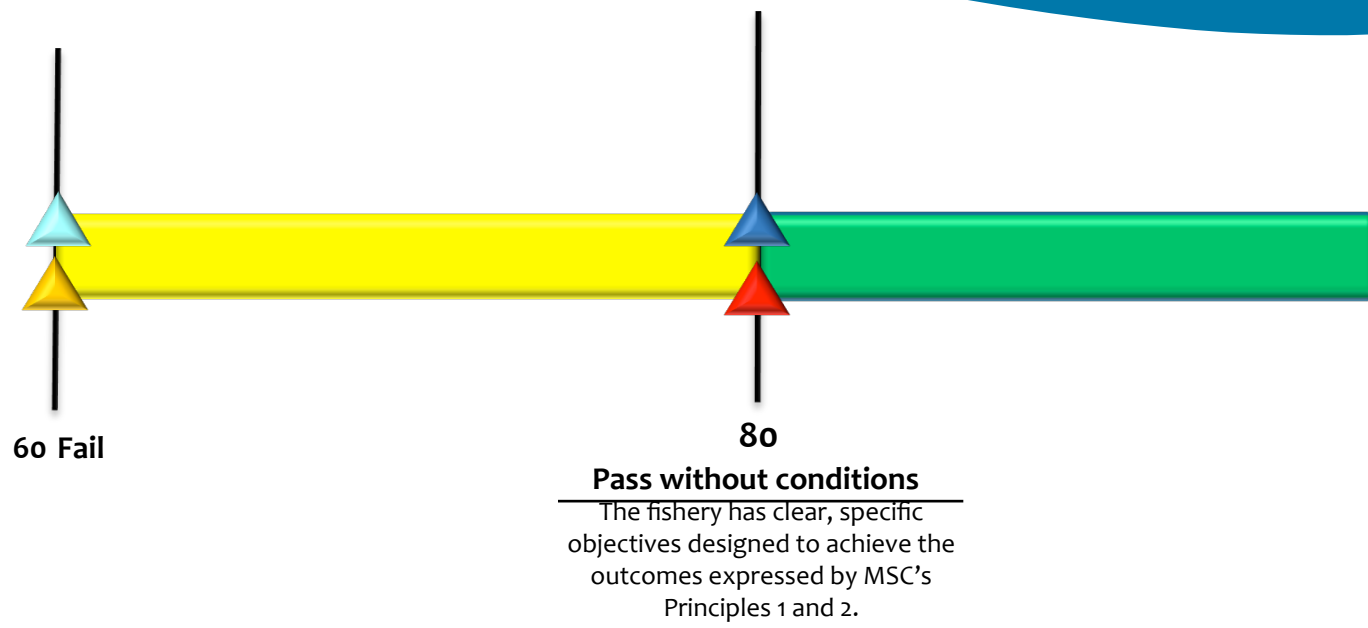
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	60	60
 WCPFC	100	100
 IATTC	100	100
 IOTC	60	60







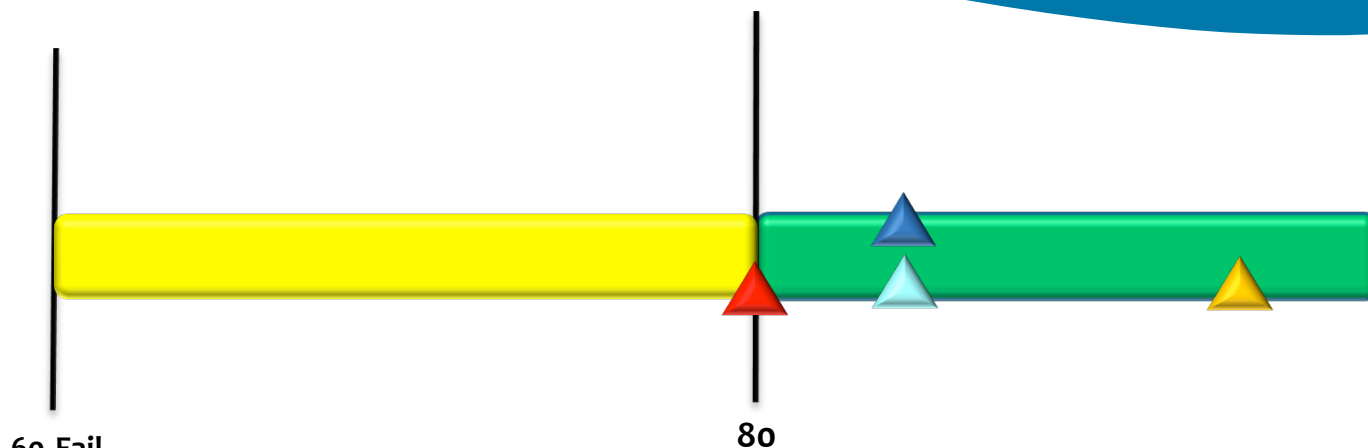
Pass without conditions

The management system provides economic and social incentives for sustainable fishing and does not operate with subsidies that contribute to unsustainable fishing.

RFMOs		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	80	80
 WCPFC	80	80
 IATTC	80	80
 IOTC	80	80







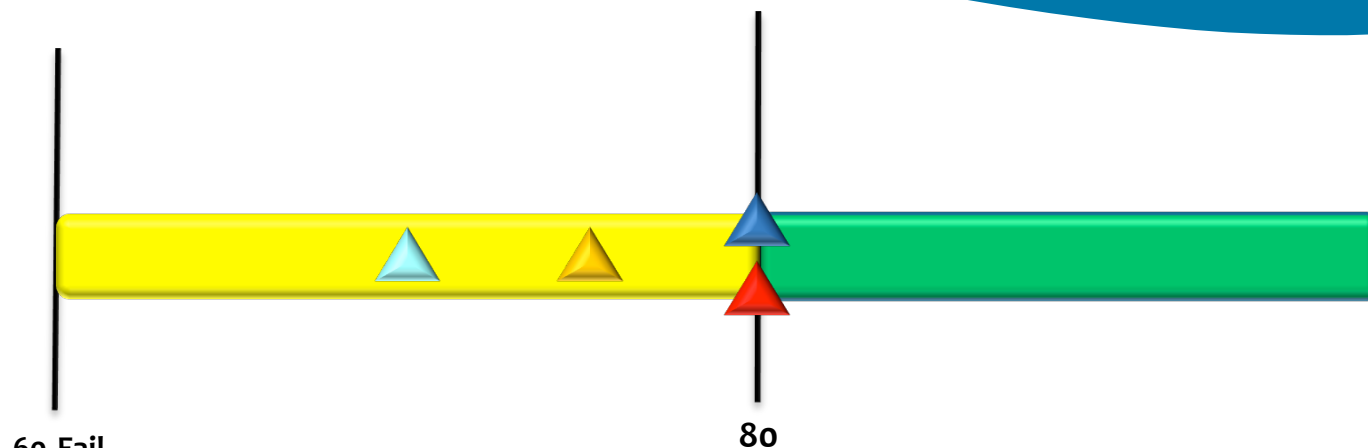
RFMOs		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	60	60
 WCPFC	80	80
 IATTC	80	80
 IOTC	60	60



Pass without conditions

The fishery-specific management system includes effective decision-making processes that result in measures and strategies to achieve the objectives and has an appropriate approach to actual disputes in the fishery under assessment.





RFMOs		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	90	95
 WCPFC	80	80
 IATTC	80	85
 IOTC	90	85

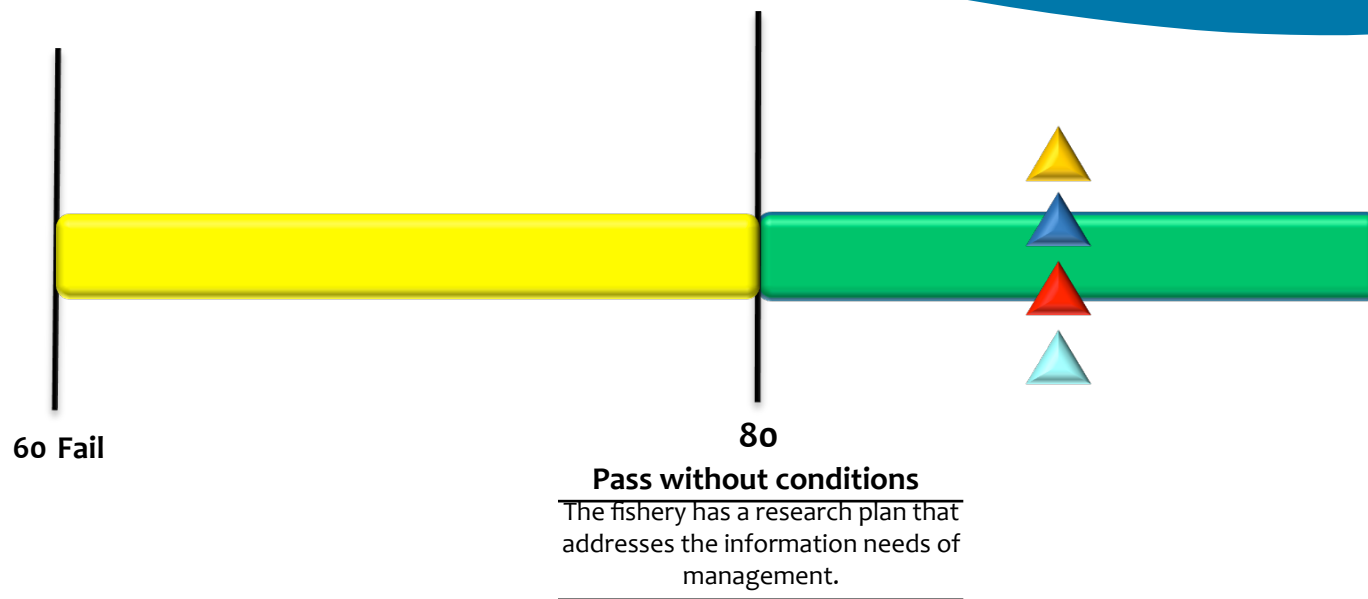






Pass without conditions

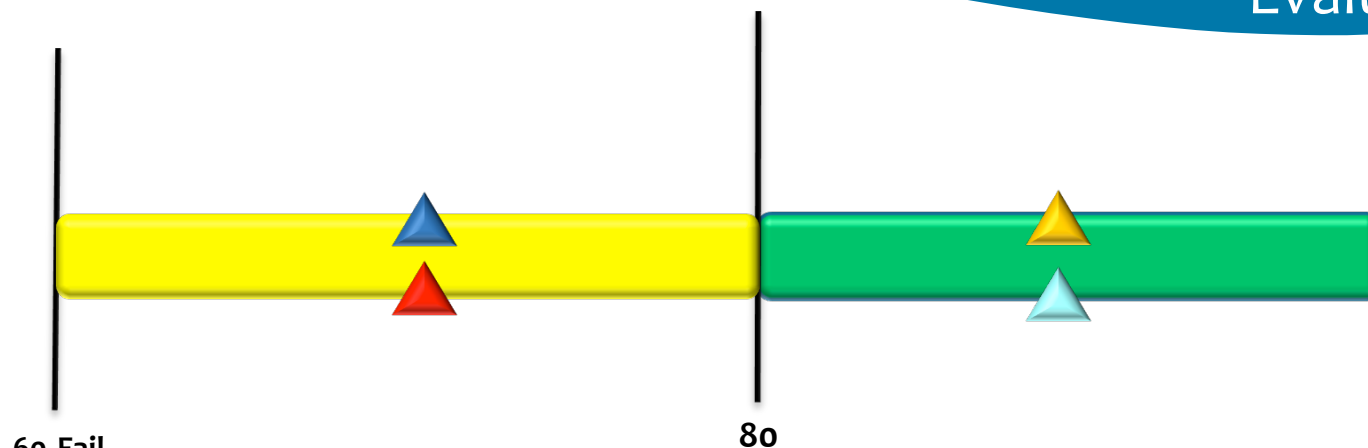
Monitoring, control and surveillance mechanisms ensure the fishery's management measures are enforced and complied with.

RFMOs

	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	75	75
 WCPFC	80	80
 IATTC	80	80
 IOTC	70	70







RFMOs		
	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	90	90
 WCPFC	90	90
 IATTC	90	90
 IOTC	90	90



Pass without conditions

There is a system for monitoring and evaluating the performance of the fishery-specific management system against its objectives. There is effective and timely review of the fishery-specific management system.

RFMOs

	<u>Feb 13</u>	<u>Dec 13</u>
 ICCAT	90	90
 WCPFC	70	70
 IATTC	70	70
 IOTC	90	90